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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/607,551	06/27/2003	Choong Jae Lee	DPO-0005	7421
34610 KED & ASSOO P.O. Box 22120	· ·		EXAMINER GESESSE, TILAHUN	
Chantilly, VA 20153-1200			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2618	
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
•	•		05/15/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

· 		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary					
		10/607,551	LEE, CHOONG JAE		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Examiner	Art Unit		
T	he MAILING DATE of this communication app	Tilahun B. Gesessse	2618		
Period for R	Reply	rears on the cover sheet with the t	correspondence address		
WHICHE - Extension after SIX - If NO peri - Failure to Any reply	TENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY EVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAIS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. od for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, received by the Office later than three months after the mailing atent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status		•			
1)⊠ Re	esponsive to communication(s) filed on 14 Fe	ebruary 2007.			
	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3)∐ Sir	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
clo	sed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.		
Disposition	of Claims				
4a) 5)□ Cla 6)□ Cla 7)□ Cla 8)□ Cla	aim(s) 1-21 and 23-31 is/are pending in the at Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw aim(s) is/are allowed. aim(s) 1-8,16-21,24-28 and 31 is/are rejected aim(s) 9-15,29 and 30 is/are objected to. aim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.			
Application	Papers				
10)∏ The App Re	e specification is objected to by the Examine of drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acception to the objection to the objection drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the objected to by the Examine.	epted or b) objected to by the Idrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority und	er 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of	References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO-413)		
2) D Notice of	Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ite		
	on Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) (s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application		

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

- 1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-8,16-21,24-28,31 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8,16-21,24-28 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Suso et al "Suso"(US 6,069,649) in view of Kim (US 6,999,802).

Claims 1,25-26, Suso teaches a mobile terminal, (see figure 1 and abstract) comprising:

Suso teaches a body part and a folder part (see items #1 and #2 fig.1).

Suso teaches a hinge part (see item #3 of fig. 1) provided where the body part (1) and the folder part (2) meet where the folder part is configured to rotate about an axis (fig.4) of rotation disposed along the hinge part to rotate between a first (see fig. 1) and a second position (see fig. 5) relative to the body part (col. 3 line 28-col.4, line 60 and figures 1, 4-5).

Suso teaches a camera, (9) wherein the camera at the hinge of the mobile terminal when the folder part is in the first position (column 2, line 60-column 3, line 45 and figures 1-2) and wherein the camera is inserted within the mobile terminal when the folder part is in these second position (see column 3 line 66-coolumn 4, line 4 and figures 3a and 5a).

Suso does not expressly teach camera is configured to move protrude longitudinally along the axis of the mobile terminal.

However, Kim teaches a camera is configured to move protrudes longitudinally direction along the axis of the mobile terminal (see abstract and col. 4, lines 46-51 and fig.2).

Both Suso and Kim teach mobile terminals with camera on the hinge, then it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary to modify park mobile terminal with camera on hinge to move longitudinally along the axis of rotation to extend outwardly, as evidence by Kim, in order to zoom out of the storage and user takes a snap shot picture at an angle of user focuses.

Claims 2-4. Suso teaches a camera installing part (3) configure to install the Camera in the mobile terminal (see figure 1).

Suso does not teach the camera is configured to extend of the camera (the lens housing includes a camera lens assembly and an opening through which a lens of the camera lens assembly is exposed to the outside. However, , Kim teaches a camera is configured to move protrudes longitudinally direction along the axis of the mobile terminal (see abstract and col. 4, lines 46-51 and fig.2). Therefore, it would have

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been obvious to an artisan of ordinary to modify park mobile terminal with camera on hinge to move longitudinally along the axis of rotation to extend outwardly, as evidence by Kim, in order to zoom out of the storage and user takes a snap shot picture at an angle of user focuses.

Claim 5, Suso teaches a camera case provided adjacent the hinge part (see figure 1) in which camera is located on the hinge part.(see fig.1 part of 9 and figure 2).

Claim 6, Suso teaches a camera module having a lens and an electronic circuit inserted therein (column 3 line3-9 and figure 1 and abstract).

Suso teaches camera module, wherein the camera module moves when the folder part moves (see column 3, lines 28-45 and figure 2).

Claims 7-8. Suso teaches the camera module is coupled with the camera shaft and the camera module rotates about the camera shaft (see column 3, lines 28-45 and figure 2 and 5) in which camera arrow shows that the camera moves outwardly, then, it is inherent that the camera shift moves outwardly upon the hinge open or close the upper and lower part of the mobile device.

Claim 16. Suso teaches a camera case formed next to the hinge part (see figure 1).

Claims 17-19,21,27-28. Suso teaches a mobile terminal, (see figure 1 and abstract) comprising:

Suso teaches a body part and a folder part (see items #1 and #2 fig.1).

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Suso teaches a hinge part (see item #3 of fig. 1) provided where the body part

(1) and the folder part (2) meet where the folder part is configured to rotate about an axis (fig.4) of rotation disposed along the hinge part to rotate between a first (see fig. 1) and a second position (see fig. 5) relative to the body part (col. 3 line 28-col.4, line 60 and figures 1, 4-5).

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Claim 20, Tatehama teaches the first predetermined angle is greater than the second predetermined angle (column 2, lines 14-23).

Claims 24,31 Suso teaches a mobile terminal, (see figure 1 and abstract) comprising:

Suso teaches a body part and a folder part (see items #1 and #2 fig.1).

Suso teaches a hinge part (see item #3 of fig. 1) provided where the body part (1) and the folder part (2) meet where the folder part is configured to rotate about an axis (fig.4) of rotation disposed along the hinge part to rotate between a first (see fig. 1) and a second position (see fig. 5) relative to the body part (col. 3 line 28-col.4, line 60 and figures 1, 4-5).

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Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 9-15,23,29-30 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Choi (US 6975,273) teaches mobile terminal that flips and camera installed (see column 1, lines 43-62).

Chang (US 7,133,691) teaches camera module (See column 2, lines 14-23).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tilahun B Gesesse whose telephone number is 571-272-7879. The examiner can normally be reached on flexible schedule.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Urban can be reached on 571-272-7899.

The Central FAX Number is 571-273-8300. For patent related correspondence, hand carry deliveries must be made to the Customer Service Window (now located at the Randolph Building, 401 Dulany Street, Alexandria, VA 22314), and facsimile transmissions must be sent to the Central FAX number.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

TG

May 1, 2007

TILAHUN GESESSE PRIMARY EXAMINER